WellStar Kennestone Comprehensive Stroke Center

2023 Interventions and Outcomes



Wellstar Kennestone Comprehensive Stroke Center

Wellstar Kennestone is a Joint Commission Advanced Certified Comprehensive Stroke Center (CSC) since 2015. We provide the following:

- √ 24/7 state of the art stroke care
- √ Cerebrovascular Endovascular Neurosurgeons
- ✓ Neuro Interventionalist
- √ Vascular Neurologist
- ✓ Accepting Center for Stroke transfers
- ✓ Neuro Intensivist
- √ Reperfusion therapies (i.e., Thrombectomy, IV Thrombolytics)
- ✓ Designated Neuro Units to include a Neuro Intensive Care Unit
- √ Research Participation
- ✓ Acute Care Rehab Services
- ✓ Inpatient Rehabilitation Unit
- √ 24/7 MRI with staff Neuro Radiologist
- √ Vascular Surgery
- √ Trending of performance measures and performance improvement initiatives to improve patient care

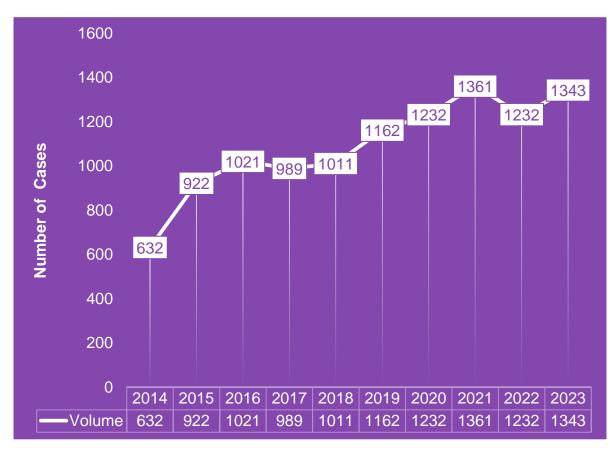


Wellstar Kennestone

 Wellstar Kennestone's Comprehensive Stroke Center has received the highest award possible from the American Heart Association for 7 consecutive years and is a US News Report and World Report High Performing in Stroke Hospital.



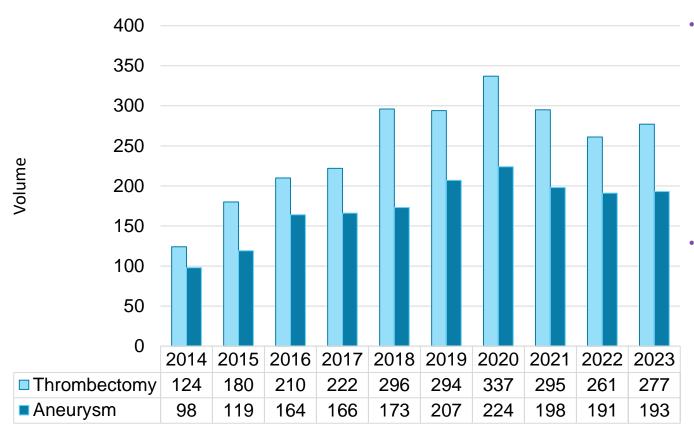
Wellstar Kennestone Neurovascular Diagnostic & Intervention Cases



- As a Joint Commission Advanced Certified Comprehensive Stroke Center, WellStar Kennestone's annual case volumes for neurovascular interventions and diagnostics has exceeded 1000 cases each year since 2015.
- Interventions performed include:
- Cerebral Angiograms
- Cerebrovascular Stenting including Intracranial Stenting
- Carotid Angioplasty
- Treatment of Ruptured and Unruptured Cerebral Aneurysms
- Thrombectomy for Ischemic Strokes
- Carotid Endarterectomy
- TransCarotid Artery Revascularization



WS Kennestone Endovascular Treatments: Thrombectomy & Aneurysm Volumes



- An endovascular treatment is a less invasive procedure used to treat problems affecting the blood vessels, such as an aneurysm, which is a swelling or ballooning of a blood vessel in the brain.
- If you have an ischemic stroke (stroke caused by a blocked artery in your brain),doctors may be able to perform an endovascular procedure called a thrombectomy to remove the clot.



WS Kennestone: Endovascular Treatment of Cerebral Aneurysms



A cerebral (brain) aneurysm is a weak area in a blood vessel that usually enlarges.

It's often described as a ballooning of the blood vessel.

Approximately 1 in 50 people in the United States have an unruptured brain aneurysm.

Most cerebral aneurysms do not produce symptoms.

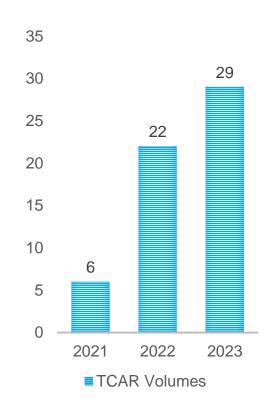
An aneurysm may rupture causing a hemorrhagic stroke.

Depending on the aneurysm's size, location, and shape, it may be treatable from inside the blood vessel.



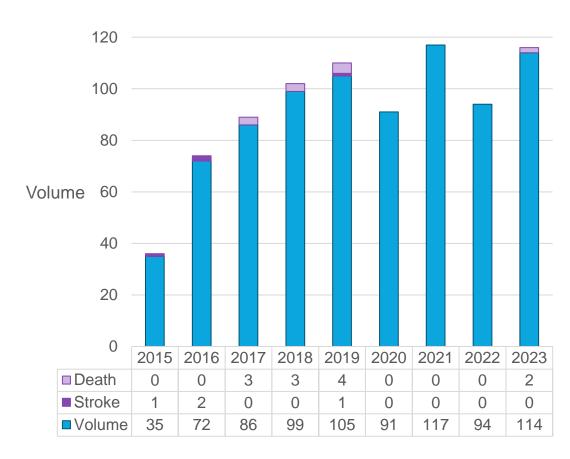
TransCarotid Artery Revascularization

- In 2021, Wellstar Kennestone began performing transcarotid artery revascularizations (TCAR).
 This procedure is performed to repair a blockage the carotid artery.
- The carotid artery is an artery in your neck that provides blood flow to your brain and face. The split of the carotid artery is a common spot in your body where plaque (fat, cholesterol and other substances) can build up which creates a narrowing or blockage.
- These blockages can lead to strokes when a piece of the blockage breaks off or the artery closes completely. TCAR is an effective ways to treat carotid blockages and help to prevent strokes.





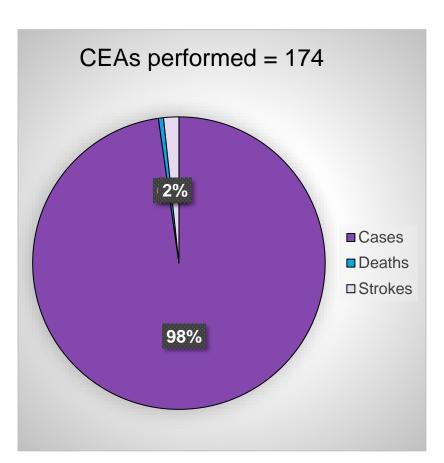
WellStar Kennestone: Carotid & Vertebral Artery Stents & Angioplasty Volumes & Complications within 30 Days Post Procedure



- Cerebrovascular Stenting: Carotid and vertebral angioplasty and stenting are procedures that open narrowed arteries to restore blood flow to the brain.
- Angioplasty and stenting are often performed to treat or prevent a stroke.
- The carotid arteries are located on each side of your neck. These are the main arteries that supply blood to your brain.
- The vertebral arteries run through the spinal column and supply blood to the brain and spine.



Wellstar Kennestone: 2023 Carotid Endarterectomy Volumes & Complications within 30-Days Post Procedure



A carotid endarterectomy (CEA) is a surgical procedure used to reduce the risk of stroke by correcting narrowing in the common carotid artery or internal carotid artery. Endarterectomy is the removal of material on the inside of an artery.

