

Procedure:		
Dr	Date:	Arrival Time:

Cobb Hospital	North Fulton Hospital	Spalding Hospital
3950 Austell Rd	3000 Hospital Blvd	601 South 8 <sup>th</sup> St
Austell GA 30106	Roswell GA 30076	Griffin GA 30224
470-267-1760	470-267-1520	470-267-1680
(Near the Barrett Ctr)		
Vinings Health Park	East Cobb Health Park	Acworth Health Park
4441 Atlanta Rd SE Ste 302	3747 Roswell Rd Ste 302	4550 Cobb Pkwy N Ste 150
Smyrna GA 30080	Marietta GA 30062	Acworth GA 30101
470-267-1760	470-267-1520	470-267-1760

<u>What is a Colonoscopy?</u> Colonoscopy is a procedure used to detect changes or abnormalities in the colon (large intestine) and the rectum. It is the most accurate procedure to detect colon polyps and colon cancer in healthy patients. During the procedure, a gastroenterologist will insert a small flexible scope (colonoscope) into the anus and advance it through the colon. During this procedure, your physician will visualize the colon, remove polyps, and take a biopsy of abnormalities as needed.

<u>How will I prepare for a Colonoscopy?</u> To ensure your physician can visualize the colon and rectum, each patient will drink a bowel cleansing preparation the day before your procedure. You will also need to find a driver that is 18 years of age or older, to drive you to your procedure, and stay with you for 24 hours after your procedure.

\*If you do not have a driver, you will not be able to have a colonoscopy.

<u>Is the procedure safe?</u> Serious complications are rare, but all procedures have potential risks. Risks include (but are not limited to):

- Perforation tear in the lining of the colon
- Bleeding from a biopsy or polyp removal site
- Reaction to the sedation medication
- Infection
- Missed lesions

What Can I Expect During the Procedure? When you arrive at the procedure center, a staff member will go over your medical history, discuss the procedure in detail, answer your questions, and start an IV. You will



then be taken back to the procedure room. An anesthesia provider will administer medications and monitor your vital signs throughout the entire procedure. Your anesthesia provider will determine the amount and types of medications needed to keep you comfortable. While most patients will sleep through the procedure, some do stay awake and aware. If your gastroenterologist finds any abnormalities or polyps, they will be removed or biopsied as needed. Any tissue removed during the procedure will be sent to the lab for further evaluation. A typical colonoscopy lasts between 20-40 minutes.

#### What Can I Expect After the Procedure?

- After the procedure, you will be taken to a recovery room for approximately 30 minutes. While in recovery, you may feel some cramping and bloating.
  - Passing gas will relieve this pressure.
- Your provider will come in to talk with you about the initial results of the procedure.
- Your driver will then be able to take you home.
- You can return to normal activities as able, except NO DRIVING for 24 hours.
- The medications used for colonoscopy can also make you drowsy, so refrain from making important decisions the day of your procedure.

If you experience any symptoms that warrant concern such as: bleeding (greater than one tablespoon), fever, or severe abdominal pain that will not go away, notify your physician immediately at **the phone number listed at the top of this document** 



### **Sutab Preparation**

#### 5 days prior to your Colonoscopy:

- Pick up Sutab prescription from your pharmacy (24 tablets).
- Stop taking iron supplements, multivitamins, and aspirin products.
- Verify that you have received instructions from the clinic on when to stop taking your blood thinning
  medications. If you have not received instructions on the use of these medications or if you have any
  questions, please call our office at the phone number listed at the top of this document
- If you are diabetic, contact your monitoring provider for direction on insulin and pill management.
- Make arrangements for an adult driver (at least 18 years of age) to stay at the facility during your procedure, assist you with dressing, receive discharge instructions, drive you home, and stay with you for 24 hours after the procedure. If you **do not** have a driver or the driver is not in the waiting room during your procedure, we will **not be able** do the procedure.
- Start a low fiber diet O Examples include (but are not limited to): tender meat, fish and poultry, ham, bacon, lunch meat, eggs, tofu, white bread, white rice, pasta, crackers, eggs, creamy peanut butter, cooked/boiled vegetables, canned fruit, bananas, melons, milk, plain yogurt, cheese, salad dressing and other condiments.
  - o Please avoid seeds, nuts, dried fruit, coconut, whole grains, popcorn, bran, corn, quinoa, raw fruits and vegetables, chunky peanut butter, berries, beans and lentils.

#### Day before your procedure

- No solid foods
- You may only have clear liquids:

Coffee (no Cream or milk) Tea Lemonade (from a mix)

Strained Fruit Juices Kool-Aid Jell-O
Clear Broth Soda Popsicles

Sports Drinks Clear hard candy

\*Avoid all liquids that are red, orange, or purple and avoid ALL alcohol.

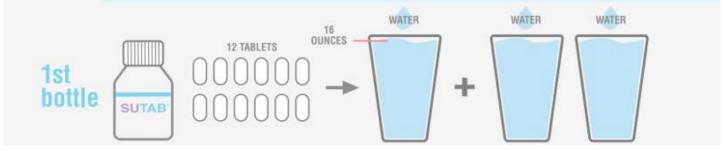
- Drink at least 6-8 glasses of clear liquids today to decrease stomach cramping.
- Between 3:00pm to 6:00 pm:



Open 1 bottle of 12 tablets o Fill the provided container with 16 oz of water (up to the fill line). Swallow each tablet with a sip of water and drink the entire amount of water over 15 to 20 minutes.

If you experience preparation related symptoms (for example, nausea, bloating, or cramping) pause or slow the rate of drinking the additional water until your symptoms diminish.

- o Approximately 1-hour after the last tablet is ingested, fill the provider container again with 16 oz of water up to the fill line), and drink the entire amount over 30 minutes.
- o Approximately 30 minutes after finishing the second container of water, fill the provided container with 16 oz of water, (up to the fill line), and drink the entire amount over 30 minutes.



o Drinking this mixture will cause diarrhea so stay near the restroom.

o If you have any questions or concerns, please call our on-call physician at **the phone number** listed at the top of this document

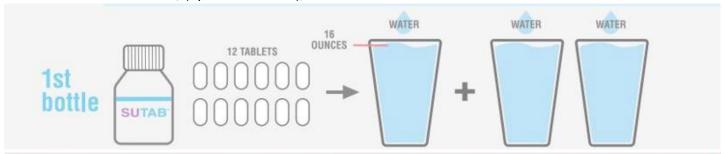


### Day of the procedure

- Continue to consume only clear liquids until after the colonoscopy
- The morning of the colonoscopy (5 to 8 hours prior to the colonoscopy and no sooner than 4 hours from starting dose 1), open the second bottle of 12 tablets.
- Fill the provided container with 16 oz of water (up to the fill line). Swallow each tablet with a sip of water and drink the entire amount of water over 15 to 20 minutes.

If you experience preparation related symptoms (for example, nausea, bloating, or cramping) pause or slow the rate of drinking the additional water until your symptoms diminish.

- Approximately 1 hour after the last tablet is ingested, fill the provider container again with 16 oz of water \*up to the fill line), and drink the entire amount over 30 minutes.
- Approximately 30 minutes after finishing the second container of water, fill the provider container with 16 oz of water, (up to the fill line), and drink the entire amount over 30 minutes.



**IMPORTANT:** You must complete all SUTAB® tablets and required water at least 4 hours before colonoscopy.

- 12:00 AM: Nothing else to eat or drink.
- You may take your medications with a few sips of water up until 3 hours before your procedure.
- If you are diabetic on insulin, take it as instructed by your prescribing provider.
- If you use an inhaler, bring it with you to your procedure.
- If you wear contacts, please be prepared to remove them, or wear glasses.
- Please do not wear any jewelry, including body piercings.
- Please avoid wearing lotion the day of your procedure.

If you have any questions/concerns, please call our office at **the phone number listed at the top of this document.** 

